



# RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY makes finer tea and more of it

Do Something For Canada

Addressing a gathering at Vancouver last month, His Excellency Baron Byng of Vimy, Governor-General, said:

"I have another year and a half to stay in Canada, and when I go somewhere I would like to feel that Canada has laid the path of prosperity and toward idealism. I would like to feel that when I go the people will say: 'There goes a good Canadian.' I can't tell of the pride it would give me to think I had done something for this country, for which my pride is unspeakable."

These words came at the conclusion of an address filled with optimism for the future of Canada, but urging as an essential, national unity and the putting of nationalism into the minds of the rising generation. "I know that Canada is going ahead," declared His Excellency, "and that the spirit that emanated from small places where the Canadian units formed and spread to become great divisions overseas, still exists among the Canadian people. But we must see to it, for without unity Canada cannot become a real nation."

Baron Byng, an Englishman, whose duties necessitate his residence in Canada for only six years, feels that, save about the Dominion, and is imbued with the desire to do something for Canada, how much more intensely should native-born Canadians, and those who have chosen Canada by adoption as their permanent homeland, feel towards this Dominion, and how anxious they should be to "do something for Canada."

And, after all, that is just what Canada needs, that her sons and daughters should strive to do something for her. For a time a tendency towards patriotic sweep over this country when the doctrine seemed to find ready acceptance that it was the business of the Government or State to look after the people rather than that the people should look after and promote the welfare of the State and thereby promote the well-being and advancement of all.

No doubt the war was largely responsible for this tendency, because, while that grim conflict was being waged, it became necessary for the State to call upon the entire citizenship to fight for its and their preservation, and while in the army every man's slightest want was provided for by Government and his dependents cared for by Government in his absence. "War made those things necessary; but a continuance of war policies would mean national bankruptcy, and State paternalism carried to an extreme inevitably means national disintegration."

Fortunately, popular belief in the efficacy of State aid for this, that, and the other thing is on the wane. People have learned that the Government is after all, themselves, and that it is impossible to lift oneself by the boot straps. The slogan of today is, "Wait and see what the Government will do," but "Do something for yourself, for your country."

It is selfish, doing for oneself only. England would not be the great nation it is if Englishmen had only had a vision of England, and not of the great British Empire in the making.

The United States would never have grown into the powerful nation it is today if the people had not instilled in State's right's first, last and all the time regardless of the national well-being. As Baron Byng has emphasized, there must be unity in Canada, and union in national endeavour and enterprise, before a real nation can arise.

And national idealism requires to be inculcated in the youth of today and, the other thing is on the wane. People have learned that the Government is after all, themselves, and that it is impossible to lift oneself by the boot straps.

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When the time comes for a Canadian to go, not going in the sense of Baron Byng's departure for his old home in England; but going because life's work is ended, what greater satisfaction can be felt than a knowledge that he has done something, achieved something for his own country. While not agreeing with the extreme to which the theory was carried by Germany, it must be admitted that there is much to be said for the doctrine, or, perhaps, "call it what you will, which sets forth that the individual exists for the State and not the State for the individual."

The truth, of course, lies between these two extremes. In Canada there is apparently little danger of the German policy of a State superimposed on the individual finding acceptance; the danger to be avoided is that of regarding the individual as all-important; and the State as of little account except as it can be used to promote the selfish aims and desires of the individual.

Like the Boy Scouts with their slogan, "Do a Good Turn Every Day," Canadians should in unity and with a true national idealism strive in season and out of season to do something for Canada.

## King Entertains Lawyers

Visitors From Canada and U.S. Took Tea With Royalty

Visiting lawyers from Canada and the United States walked, talked and took tea with King George, Queen Mary, and the Prince of Wales in the Royal's back yard, so to speak, when the pleasant grounds to the rear of Buckingham Palace were thrown open to 3,000 invited guests, most of whom were visiting lawyers. Behind the beggarly forbidding front of the big building which faces the Mall they found little of the ceremony usually associated with royalty.

Something New in Sidewalks  
Pink-sidewalks have been laid in district near Herne Bay, England, to do away with the sun glare from ordinary stone walks. The new walks not only are more restful to the eyes, but cooler beneath the feet, it is claimed.

Production of Pig Iron  
The production of pig iron in Canada in May was 84,987 tons, an increase over April of 1,112 tons. Production of steel in the same month was 108,463 tons, the greatest tonnage since October, 1920.

## Vancouver Expects Big Grain Movement

One Hundred Million Bushels Is Aim For 1923

One hundred million bushels of grain through Vancouver for the 1923-24 season is the prediction of grain buyers here. With the 1923-24 crop still moving, shipping and grain dealers are already negotiating for grain for next season, when the elevator capacity here will be at least 1,100,000 bushels, as compared with 2,900,000 now. By the end of the season 69,000,000 bushels will have been moved, it is estimated, based on the total movement of 53,000,000 bushels to July 22.

Norwegians Greatest Whales Fishers  
Sixty per cent. of the world's whale fishing is done by Norwegians, and the Cuthlarks correspondent of the London Morning Post estimates that this season at 70,000,000 crowns. Nearly the entire output was sold to the United States.

Whale Oil For England  
More than two hundred tons of whale oil from the whale stations in the Queen Charlotte Islands have been shipped to England.

## CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

A Harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups — No Narcotics!

Mother Fletcher's Castor has been in use for over 30 years to relieve babies and children of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind, Colic and Diarrhoea; assaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimila-

tion of Food; giving natural sleep without opiates. The genuine genuine signature of

Castor Fletcher

## The Power Of Lightning Pint of Gasoline Contains Same Energy As Average Lightning Bolt Said Scientist

Scientists have a way of talking about things that gives the impression of calm indifference to all that scares and concerns the ordinary man. A great big streak of lightning that hurries through space, opens the sky up for a strip that looks like a yard and half wide, and seems to be satisfied only by taking the steeple off a church or knocking the chimney from the back kitchen—the scientists looks on quietly takes a pencil and starts to figure on the back of an envelope.

He announces that it is powerful and explosive because of its high voltage. In a few more minutes he has it figured out that it was not worth 78 cents as far as electrical energy is concerned.

The late Dr. Steinmetz, before his death, claimed that the average bolt of lightning was no greater in power than the energy stored up in a pint of gasoline. At the rate paid for electric lights in cities with which he was familiar the average streak of lightning was not worth \$1. on the basis of prices paid for power, not over 20 cents.

The same authority had it figured out that a person with a very small gas engine could make as much electricity for 80 cents worth of gas as was developed in an average thunder-storm.

It's very interesting to have it all worked out on that basis; it might even make a timid person resolve not to be afraid of any 60-cent electrical storm, yet there would be the mental reservation that it would be much easier to make one's own supply of electricity rather than have it shot at him from the heaven.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## PEOPLE "ALL NERVES"

What to Do If You Find Yourself in This Condition

The sort of thing that specialists speak of as nervous debility is the run-down condition caused by over-work, household cares or worries. The sufferer has no energy, tired, low-spirited and unable to keep their minds on anything. Any sudden noise startles and sets the heart palpitating violently. They are full of nervous terrors and do not sleep well at night. The hands tremble and the legs feel as if they should give way, following a walk or any exertion. The whole condition of such people may be described as pitiful.

Doctoring the nerves with poison sedatives is a terrible mistake. The only real help to them is a thorough treatment for nervousness and run-down health. The best known is Dr. William's Pink Pills, which promptly build up and enrich the blood. The results are wonderful. Every day improved spirits and new strength which comes after a course of these pills will delight every sufferer.

You can get these pills from any medicine counter by mail at 50¢ a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## New Instrument Locates Metal

Makes Sound When Passing Over Ground Containing Metallic Ores

Old legends tell of men who had the power to look down into the earth and see where gold and silver lay hidden. We cannot do this yet, but something almost as wonderful is now possible: we can listen and hear the veins of precious metal.

Two Swedish engineers, Mr. Hans Lundberg and Mrs. Harry Nathaniel, have invented an electrical instrument which will locate metallic ores under the ground and indicate their presence by making a sound that can be heard.

The prospector carries the instrument over the ground he is prospecting, and, with telephone receivers fixed on his head, listens. When the instrument passes over a vein a sound is heard, and the prospector knows that what he sees is some-where beneath his feet.

It Testifies for Itself.—Dr. Thomas Edecoff, Oil and Gas Testimonial of the oil fields, has a new device which proves that for coughs or colds, for cuts or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body well know that the medicine proves itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why this oil is of general use.

Irish Linens Are Strongest

Linens, valued at \$171,742, and manufactured in the Irish Free State, were bought for the United States by Mr. Leviathan. For coughs or colds, for cuts or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body well know that the medicine proves itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why this oil is of general use.

Syrian Citrus Fruits

The Syrians are fond of all kinds of citrus fruits, and their climate is par-

ticularly suitable for the cultivation of oranges and lemons, yet very little actual cultivation is done. The fruits found in the Damascus section are grown almost entirely for the purpose of adorning the open courtyards, which are built around a fountain in the middle of all Arabic houses.

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which if placed end to end would be long enough to reach Constantinople.

## London Zoo Receives Remarkable Animal

Rare "Liger" is Gift Of An Indian Prince

Prince Ranjitsinhji has just presented to the Zoo a male lion-tiger. As a boy was the father this remarkable animal will be known as a "liger," and as it is a freak and very rare it ought to be of great interest to visitors. owing to the natural distribution of the lion and tiger, hybrids are rarely bred outside menageries, and it is extremely difficult to get lion and tigress—or a tigress and lioness—to agree together in captivity. The Zoo has never tried the experiment of putting lions and tigers in the same cage, and there is so much natural sympathy and antipathy between individuals that it is often difficult to find suitable mates for the large cats even among their own kind.

This particular liger has come from Prince Ranjitsinhji's estate in India, where it was bred and reared, and where lions are preserved and often kept with tigers. These hybrids vary greatly in appearance and temperament, some favoring one parent more, some the other. The Zoo's liger is a particularly fine specimen, being beautifully proportioned, and as tall, if not taller, than Rajah, the largest of the tigers at the Zoo.

At a glance he looks most like a tiger, for he inherits his walk and the shape of his body from his mother. But the color of his head and body is the sandy-brown of the lion, with tiger stripes showing in parts. His head is an odd mixture of both parents: it is shaped like that of a tiger, but the eyes are the amber eyes of the lion. On the head and round the neck are a few hairs that would like to be a mane, and very distinct of this sandy head are the black and white striped ears that so characterize the tiger. The tail is shaped like a tiger's, with the well-known lion's tuft on the end. He is a young animal, and may not yet be fully grown, and like all cats born in captivity or semi-captivity, he is a little spiteful. He has been given an outdoor cage at the Zoo, so that he will have every chance of keeping well and healthy. Unfortunately, he refuses to show himself at present, and sits in his box gazing at the crowds through the glass hole.

## Print: Bible History In Indian Language

Three Thousand Copies Ready For Distribution Among Sioux Tribe

An innovation in the printing of Biblical history, in the language of Indians, from the Teton Sioux tribe of the Pine Ridge Reservation of South Dakota, has made its appearance in Cleveland. The work, which is the result of much painstaking and self-denying work on the part of the author, Rev. Eugene Buechel, S.J., who is stationed at St. Francis, South Dakota, came from the presses here, and is now being distributed among the Sioux.

About 3,000 copies of the work have been printed and are ready for distribution among the Sioux.

## Saskatchewan Exports Eggs

Eighty-Five Carloads Are Shipped During Two-Month Period

A large export business in poultry products is being built up by Saskatchewan farmers, according to the careful supervision of the Provincial Marketing Department. From April 1 to May 31 of this year, forty-five cars of eggs were shipped from different points in Southern Saskatchewan, in addition approximately thirty-eight to forty cars of eggs were shipped from the northern half of the province during the same period.

## German Aviator Breaks Gliding Record

Among European aviators gliding still continues to be a favorite sport. Performances such as astonished the world three years ago are now commonplace. A German recently surpassed all previous feats in gliding by remaining in the air for eight hours and forty-two minutes. He landed, moreover, at a spot higher than his starting point.

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## Refresh Yourself

You see the name, Coca-Cola, brightening the streets and corners everywhere—more familiar than the names of the streets themselves.

That's because this beverage has individuality—distinctive charm.

Sold everywhere—in bottles and at soda fountains.

## Drink

**Coca-Cola**  
Delicious and Refreshing  
The Coca-Cola Company of Canada, Ltd.  
Head Office: Toronto

## A Trans-Canada Highway

Canadian Highway From Sea to Sea A Thing of the Future

It is now possible to cross Canada by motor car, with the exception of two detours into United States territory. There is no suitable road from Sainte-Sophie to Winnipeg, and another gap must be crossed in British Columbia before the tourist can keep on the Canadian side of the boundary all the way. A Canadian highway from sea to sea is a thing of the future, but perhaps not of the so far distant future as many suppose. The traveller by road is incidentally a general distributor of money, and if a few thousand enthusiasts from the United States could be induced to run across Canada every year their spending would make up for the capital costs of well made and well kept roads.

Besides which, of course, the country would secure the development of some presently inaccessible districts which would thus be opened up to settlement and use—Edmonton Bulletin.

## Test Trip Is Success

De Luxe Plane Carries Eight Passengers From Detroit to Chicago

An airplane carrying eight persons and equipped with reclining chairs for six passengers, with a table arranged between the chairs, arrived at Chicago from Detroit on a test voyage after a cruise of three hours and five minutes.

The plane, owned by Mr. B. Stout, left Detroit at 7:13 a.m. and landed at Maywood at 10:18 o'clock. It returned to Detroit later in the day.

The six passengers aboard included two women, while the crew consisted of a pilot and mechanic. The women were Mrs. Stout and Miss Jane Summins, of Canada.

The plane is all metal, with 2,330 pounds useful capacity for oil, gas and other equipment, and measures fifty-eight feet from tip to tip. It has windows on all sides. Doors that can be sealed are between the pilot's seat and the passenger compartment, which is so arranged as to be almost soundproof.

The airplane party ate breakfast in Detroit, had luncheon in Chicago and returned in time for dinner at Detroit.

## Canadian Furs

That Canadian fur is finding a distinct place in the leading markets of the world is illustrated in the development of the Italian market, according to a report of the Canadian Assistant Trade Commissioner for that country. At the present time there is a large import duty on dressed furs and importers have been importing furs in the raw state, a large proportion of which are of Canadian origin.

## Latest Inventions

A Romanian inventor is to exhibit in Paris a method of showing motion pictures in three dimensions without the use of the speculator of colored glasses. Next should come a device to prevent the scenario from falling flat.—Springfield, Mass. Republican.

## WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

After every meal  
A pleasant sweet and agreeable  
sweet and a lasting  
taste built as well.

Good for  
teeth, breath  
and digestion.

Makes the  
next cigar  
taste better.

Sealed in its Purity  
Package

Scratching post of wood are now  
provided in all the animal cages at  
the London Zoo.

Latitude is said to have been first determined by Hipparchus of Nice, about 162 B.C. He also determined longitude.

For sore feet—Minard's Liniment

## Premier Of Saskatchewan Speaks To Overseas League On Subject Of Immigration

Hon. Charles A. Dunning, Premier of Saskatchewan, has been delivering addresses in the Old Country, and at a distinguished gathering at a lunch of the Overseas League said that the "romance" that appears to have been shed on his career makes him a "more or less romantic figure which my wife does not recognize." Mr. Dunning was introduced by Lord Denman, by whom he was described as "the youngest premier in the British Empire," having attained that position at the age of 37.

Mr. Dunning drew a contrast between life in this country and life in the Old Country. "While," he said, "we cannot offer all the conveniences of a civilization such as that of London, we can offer you at least a better telephone service than London has. We could not offer great urban centres, for 72 per cent. of the people are on the land in Saskatchewan, a feature which I regard as a healthy condition in the present state of development; and because of that fact we are inviting only those who are prepared to work at agriculture as their vocation in life."

Mr. Dunning said that naturally those who were of British blood in Canada desired to see a substantial influx of British emigration into their land to the end that the British institutions which had been established might be maintained for the benefit of future generations. But calm reflection, a calm study of the lessons of history, taught them that when mankind was on the move in one of those great migratory movements it was impossible for any one people or any one race to preserve the favorite, vacant spot of theirs for their own use when it was convenient for them to occupy it. That was the lesson of history. They might endeavor—during this period to preserve Canada—to shut the gate against all those who were not of our blood. It was not an advocate of such a course, because he realized its futility, its impossibility, in a period such as this and in relation to a country such as theirs.

"I can," said Mr. Dunning, "understand the indisposition of a British industrial worker to go to Canada where farming represents the main work to be done. But it is hard to understand the attitude of mind which is illustrated by the question, 'What will the Government do for us if we go there?' I am convinced of this, that while the Government may do much in the way of advice and help for those who are willing to help themselves, no Government can confer on a man or a woman the virtues of self-reliance and initiative, which the emigrant to a new land must possess if he is going to succeed. If any man or woman in England contemplates going to Western Canada to lean upon the state or province, I am very pleased to invite him or her to stay at home. We want people in Western Canada not to lean upon the state but to support the state and make it what it should be."

Empirical development was broached by Mr. Dunning. "On all hands," he said, "I find here that the old conception of the Empire still prevails—that old conception, great in its day, great in relation to some parts of the Empire today—the conception that these islands are the workshops of the Empire—that the function of the dominions and the colonies is to grow or raise raw materials, to be shipped here, to the workshop, and then manufactured into finished products here, and then sent back again for use in the dominions. That conception fails to take into account the changes that have come about from the populating of these young dominions. The dominant genius of the British race is industrial, commercial and financial. How can one expect that members of the race who go overseas should leave behind them the industrial genius so characteristic of those at home? And consequently in those great dominions, such as Canada, with a wealth of natural resources of all kinds, the genius of eight millions of people there, truly British in its character, is to develop those resources and manufacture them in their own country."

"There is, a necessity for a new orientation of British industry. It is the industry not of these islands, but of the Empire, wherever located. Isn't it strange that British industry has not followed that example to anything like the same extent?"

Again alluding to immigration, Mr. Dunning stated, concluding what Sir Hamar Greenwood characterized as a "remarkable speech from a remarkable man," that "we cannot offer a man who comes to Saskatchewan sudden and easily acquired wealth. We have no rich people, judged by the standard of the Old Land; but then we have no poor people either."

W. N. U. 1524

judged by the standard of the Old Land. Any man who wants to work and isn't too particular what he works at, can get along all right in Saskatchewan—I know, because I have done it. There is lots of that stuff here. I am convinced that the old pioneer genius of the race has not departed. It may be overlaid temporarily by a kind of veneer—as with the man who wants to know what the Government will do with him—but Nature soon rids us of that off. There is nothing like getting out on a little homestead 20 miles from nowhere; you have to rustle for yourself, and it is a mighty good thing for any man with red blood in his veins to be placed upon his own responsibility in that way. There is no pot of gold at the foot of the rainbow out west; but it is a land of milk and honey—for the man who will keep cows and bees and do the work connected with them; and it is a land of milk and honey for the man and woman who are prepared to stand on their own feet and face the future in the spirit of the pioneers who made the country. To those who possess that spirit and feel it stirring within them, we offer a cordial invitation to come."

### Production of Shingles

**Sixty Per Cent. of World's Supply of Red Cedar is in British Columbia**

The manufacture of red cedar shingles is a branch of the forest industries of British Columbia of outstanding importance.

There are 35 shingle mills in the province and in 1923 these plants manufactured 2,500,000,000 shingles to approximate value of \$10,000,000. It is estimated that by 1928 this figure will reach over 776,000,000, or more than 30 times around the earth. Approximately 1,000 feet of timber is required to make 8,000 shingles. The annual cutting of logs for 125,000 modern residences in Red cedar grows to the best advantage in British Columbia which possesses 60 per cent. of the world's supply of this wonderful timber. In 1923 the red cedar cut was 573,000,000 feet. Considerably more than half of this amount was used in the manufacture of shingles. The shingle industry in the province has an annual payroll of \$3,000,000 and employs about 2,600 men, irrespective of those engaged in logging the red cedar for shingle manufacture.

A red cedar roof well laid with proper zinc-coated or pure iron nails, will last half a century.

### Seeks Better Settler Plan

**Methods of Emigration Officers in England Criticized by Britisher**

"No Canadian emigration officers in England appear to know that the Dominion Government is looking after settlers in Alberta in the way they are going—taking the immigrants and giving work and land for them—and to encourage in colonization matters there is at all aware of what is being accomplished."

So says W. R. Park, shipping agent of Exeter, Devon, who is on a tour of the west to discover possibilities for the betterment of the British Empire. The attendants record which has been made is very satisfactory.

The sale of pure-bred bulls exceeded expectations; a total of 74 pure-bred sires being disposed of. They consisted of 41 Shorthorns, 16 Herefords, 7 Aberdeen-Ans, 7 Holsteins and 3 Ayrshires. These bulls had all been tested for tuberculosis, scabies and all had been dipped twice as a safeguard against mange, so they were all as healthy as possible. The prices on the bulls ranged from \$75 to \$900.

**Mr. Park is closely connected with the immigration of Devon men of the agricultural type. With the Canadian emigration officers in England located at the ports and large cities, and not in the farming areas, it is impossible for the would-be Canadian farmers to find out what Canada has to offer to prospective settlers," he said.**

A servant girl was brought to a hospital suffering from an infection of a drug. The doctor questioned her as to her motive for taking it.

"Well," she replied, "I wasn't feeling well, and I went to the missus' medicine cupboard, and there was a bottle marked, 'Three drops for an infant, six for an adult, and a teaspoonful for an emetic.' I knew I wasn't an infant, I wasn't sure about an adult, so I thought I must be the emetic, and took a spoonful."

**Eye Opener**

Mr. (reading).—The paper tells of a woman who married a man under the impression that he was somebody else. How strange.

Mrs.—Not at all. I did the same thing myself.

The only woman in the world who makes a business of breeding tigers is Mrs. Mabel Stark, of Bridgeport, Conn.

Mongolia and Manchuria do an enormous trade in dog skins.

### Lignite Coal Development

**Saskatchewan Government Negotiating With Private Concern to Take Over Bluff Plant**

Control of the lignite plant at Bluff, Sask., is now in the hands of the Saskatchewan Government, which is negotiating with one or two firms to take over the plant and operate it as a commercial utility.

An announcement to this effect was made by Hon. J. G. Gardner, Minister in charge of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

"The plant which, after all, was only an experimental station, has served its purpose in demonstrating the possibility of making briquettes from carbonized lignite," said Mr. Gardner. "Some chemical and mechanical problems were worked out and what remains now of the original scheme is to prove the commercial feasibility of the project.

The Federal Government has relinquished its equity in the plant to the Saskatchewan Government provided the plant and equipment are used to complete the work as originally planned when the three Governments organized the undertaking. The Government of Manitoba, while withdrawing from the agreement some time ago has also expressed a willingness to allow its equity to remain while the plant is in operation.

"It is not the policy of this Government to embark on any commercial undertaking and we will not therefore remodel the plant as an industrial unit and operate it, but will endeavor to interest private capital to undertake the commercial operation of the plant under some form of lease. The Government may, of course, carry on further research or experimental work in connection with the coal, but in no sense will it operate a commercial plant. We are at present negotiating with one or two concerns and hope to have the plant operating commercially some time this year."

### Stock Train Makes Record

**Travels 1,785 Miles and 40,270 People Attend Exhibit**

The Better Livestock Train returned to Regina after a six weeks run in Eastern and Northern Saskatchewan, and was dismantled by a rather tired staff. They travelled 1,785 miles and got in touch with many thousands of Saskatchewan people and interested them in better livestock.

The train made a record in attending, surpassing all previous agricultural trains of any description that have operated in Saskatchewan. The attendance amounted to 40,270, which compares very favorably with an attendance of about 19,000 for the Better Bull Train in 1922, and an attendance of 33,000 for the Better Farming Train that same year. One of the great advantages of this train is that it gets in touch with thousands of people that would not be reached by any series of meetings or by any of the usual channels. The preaching of the gospel of better livestock, and the attendance record which has been made is very satisfactory.

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### Claim Negroes Are Ill-Treated

**Strong Representations Have Been Made to the Cuban Government by Great Britons that Jamaican Negroes, who come in thousands each year to Cuba to work in the sugar cane fields, have been discriminated against and ill-treated.**

The British charges include claims that the Jamaicans are discriminated in the quarantining station at Santiago, discriminated against in the courts, and even fired upon at the slightest provocation by rural guards.

### Too Much

"I say, y'know, all these bills are dated months before we were married."

"Yes, darling, I know they are."

"Well, it's a bit thick to expect me to pay for the bait I was caught with."

One of the world's largest dams is being constructed on the Indus River, in India, for irrigation purposes.

If a man fails to get what he really deserves he ought to be thankful.

### Olympic Marathon Winner



ALBEN STENROOS

Finland, the wonderful Finnish wood worker, who won the Olympic marathon at Paris in 2 hours 42 minutes 22.5 seconds.

### The Milking Machine

**Effects a Saving and Advantageous in Other Ways**

Officials of the Experimental Farms recommend farmers with twice or more cows to seriously consider the installation of a milking machine.

Experiments at a number of Experimental Farms and Stations goes to prove that these machines are definitely advantageous. For a 20-cow herd a 3-cow outfit is regarded as sufficient. For smaller herds of 12 to 15 cows, a 2-cow outfit is looked upon as able to take care of the milking. Farm officials estimate that the running expenses of the larger machine divided between 30 cows is equal to about 2 cents per cow per day. One man with a milking machine, it has been proved, can milk from 20 to 25 cows an hour, whereas 7 cows an hour are milked by the average farm hand. Machine milking produces greater uniformity than is possible when different people are doing the milking.

Several year's experience of mechanical milkers on the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa shows that the cows do not dry off any more quickly when milked by hand. Old cows accustomed to hand-milking do not accept the machine as readily as others, which show no antipathy towards the machine. Efficiency in operation with a milking machine, as with other machines, is essential for good work. The operator should know the machine and the cows, and adapt the one to suit the other, giving each their proper share of attention at the proper time.

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"I say, y'know, all these bills are dated months before we were married."

"Yes, darling, I know they are."

"Well, it's a bit thick to expect me to pay for the bait I was caught with."

One of the world's largest dams is being constructed on the Indus River, in India, for irrigation purposes.

If a man fails to get what he really deserves he ought to be thankful.

## Great Forward Movement In Conservation Bound To Have Far Reaching Effects

A great forward movement in conservation, and one that affects Canada profoundly, was inaugurated by President Coolidge in the convoking of Washington, May 22 to 24, of the first National Outdoor Recreation Conference. At this conference, which embraced national and state organizations, Canada was represented upon the special invitation of the President of the United States. It was intended that Canada should be represented by Mr. W. W. Cory, Deputy Minister of the Department of the Interior, and Mr. J. B. Harkin, Commissioner of Canadian National Parks. Owing to unforeseen circumstances, Mr. Harkin was prevented from attending and to Mr. Cory fell the duty of acting for Canada at the various meetings of the conference.

Canada could not remain aloof from a conference of this kind even should she desire to do so, because outdoor recreation, in the broad terms in which it was dealt with on this occasion, involves the international guardianship of fish, migratory birds, boundary waters, pollution of streams, international games, and international recreational travel.

The Dominion is already in touch with these subjects at a dozen points and the chief work of the conference was to emphasize and organize the activities involved.

The personnel of the conference indicates the important place the subject occupies in the minds of the leading men of the United States. It called and opened and ended by President Coolidge, and the executive chairman was Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy. Other members of the United States cabinet took part were: Hon. J. W. Weeks, Secretary of War; Hon. Hubert Work, Secretary of the Interior; Hon. H. C. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture; Hon. Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce; and Hon. J. J. Davis, Secretary of Labor.

Arrangements were completed by which the people interested in the various forms of outdoor recreation will be fully represented by their acknowledged leaders. These details need not bore into the point being this. That people everywhere now recognize the importance to the whole country of properly directed sport and recreation. The crowding of people into great urban centres on the one hand and the development of the automobile on the other have changed the outlook of this people of North America. In regard to outdoor recreation in one generation.

The great majority of the people no longer have, as they had thirty years ago, open spaces near at hand for recreation, and the automobile has provided the means by which they may escape into the forests, the mountains, and along the watercourses. The holding of this conference indicates that people have suddenly awakened to the fact of which leaders in both Canada and the United States have been aware for some years that the health and efficiency of the nation are going to depend in no small degree upon the maintenance of national parks, game preserves, game sanctuaries, forest reserves and other open areas, and upon the wise administration of proper laws respecting the protection of game animals, game and foresty birds, and fish.

Of the 1923 catch of herrings, 35 tons were used fresh, 5,005 cases were canned, 22½ tons were smoked, 37,139 tons (net weight) were dry salted, 21,721 barrels were pickled, 165,133 barrels were used as bait, and 72,465 barrels were used as fertilizer.

The herring is but one of the many commercial fishes for which the fisheries of Canada are famous, and in point of value, when freshly caught brought a revenue to the fisherman of \$1,629,449, or a little under one cent per pound.

### Selling Low Quality Seed

**Reliable Houses Should Be Protected By Trade Mark**

Twenty-three out of every one hundred packets of vegetable seeds examined in the seed laboratory at New York State Agricultural Station were found to be absolutely worthless for planting purposes. Seeds of low quality have been sold in Canada. We are informed that one of the large seed houses recently secured a job lot of old seeds and marketed them in its standard packages without bothering about the quality. This is very dangerous to the whole seed industry and to the houses which have for years been building up a reputation for reliability founded on public confidence. It might be well for the latter concern to form an association for their own protection and set standards which would be guaranteed by an association trade mark—Financial Post.

At a recent dinner Sir Robert Horne, Chancellor of the Exchequer, told the following story. The bridegroom and the best man were at the altar awaiting the bride. The former became very white and seemed about to faint. "What's wrang w' ye, Jock?" asked the best man; "ever fain, is like chalk. 'Aye ye lost the ring?'" "No," came the reply, "but I doot I've lost my enthusiasm."

**Trappers Travel in Luxury.**  
Palatial steamers are carrying the trappers home from Alaska. Instead of stealing out in the great northland silent in canoes, piled high with smelly baits—as trappers always do in action—these intrepid adventurers are the gentry of the trade, travelling de luxe.

The highest and lowest point in the United States both are in Inyo County, California.

### MUDGY CREEK BOTTOM BECOMES BEAUTY SPOT



An object lesson in reclamation is provided by the present Canadian National station grounds at Vancouver, B.C. Before the site was developed the location was known as False Creek, a muddy stream in the centre of the city over which the tide water from the bay backed. It is now one of the beauty spots of the City of the Lions. The approach to the station is called Thornton Park, in honor of Sir Henry Thornton, Chairman and President of the Canadian National Railways, who materially assisted the Parks Commissioners by contributing 10,000 yards of earth for the filling

## IRMA TIMES

The Alberta Oil Gazette  
Irma, Alberta, Canada

An independent newspaper published every Friday  
at Irma, Alberta, Canada, by the Times publishers.  
H. G. THUNELL, Publisher

H. W. LOVE, Editor

## Irma Cash Meat Market

## Bacon Special

Fresh smoked every week

27c PER LB. BY THE PIECE.

Bulk Lard, 20c per lb.

HOGS BOUGHT ANY DAY

## L. C. HATCH, Prop.

Irma, Alberta.

WE NOW HAVE —

## Free Air

AT THE CURB

## Tires &amp; Tubes

To Please

The Most Exacting Motorist, at Current Prices

## IRMA MOTORS

Irma, Alta.

GARAGE

FORD CARS, TRUCKS & TRACTORS  
LINCOLN MOTOR CARS

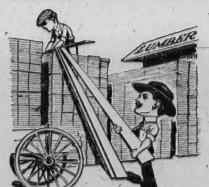
E. L. ELFORD, Prop. — PHONE 3

When in Calgary Stop at —

The  
HOTEL ALEXANDRA

"THE HOUSE OF COMFORT"

Free Bus.      Free Telephone      Fire Proof  
Rates — \$1 \$1.50 and \$2. With bath \$2 & \$2.50  
226 — 9th Ave. East.



How about that House, Barn or other buildings you have been planning to build. Why not come in and let us show you how little the lumber will cost you.

We have a large stock of the best grades of fir and spruce to choose from. We have a large shed that keeps all our finish siding and flooring dry and in first class shape until you are ready to use it. If you should need something that you do not quickly find we shall be glad to show you how quickly we can get it for you. The Farmers Mutual will give you real service.

## Farmers Mutual Lbr Co

P. J. HARDY, Manager, Irma, Alberta

Weekly Review of  
Alberta Markets

(Calgary Market Examiner)

Cattle

FEEDERS, STOCKERS — Choice feeders are keeping up in value, to around \$4, but the common and plain stockers are hard to move at \$2@ \$2.25 stocker \$1.75@ \$2.50; stocker cow \$1.50@ \$2.

Hogs.

Edmonton market steadily gained up to \$9.40, but Wednesday the buyers refused to bid over \$9.25, because of the thick smooths, off cars, and commissi- men refused to sell and hold for better price; bacon 10 per cent over thick smooths.

Sheep.

More sheep received at Edmonton and some through on coast billing. Lambs \$11@ \$12; yearlings \$8@ \$9; ewes \$4@ \$6.50.

Grain.

Wild swings have been recorded in the wheat market during the week and carrying with it the coarse grains to some extent. This fluctuation is likely to continue until there is some volume to our movement. If wheat is worth anything like the prices that were paid a short time ago, there is no reason why it should not make a recovery, for there has not been sufficient improvement in the western crop, or any other crop, to warrant the recent drop. An improvement in the European situation should also help the market.

EGGS—Poultry.

BUTTERFAT—Alberta prices advanced to 31c at centralizers and 29c at country creameries, basis specials, and other grades up in proportion. Receipts keeping up well.

EGGS—No changes are reported in Calgary prices, still at 25c for extras, but the market is considerably busier and may advance. POULTRY—Business quiet and offerings light, and at present prices no encouragement to shippers. Fowl 9@11c; chickens 10c live weight.

Potatoes.

Crop making good progress in all parts of the province, where it was not eliminated earlier in the season. New crop bringing \$1.75@ \$2 per cwt. at Calgary.

HAY.

Not much business moving, and deliveries are somewhat delayed owing to difficulty of getting weather cured for baling. Alfalfa quoted at Lethbridge \$11@ \$14 on cars; No. 50 prices established in districts east of Calgary.

Hides.

Better prices on hides during the week, with salted butcher hides at 5 1-2c and the flint dried up to 9c; elk skins at 5 1-2c and calfskins 8c. Taners showing better buying indications.

Furs.

Not much change reported in market on western furs at Winnipeg auction, but beaver given another advance to range from \$7.50 on small to \$20 on large.

UNITED STATES IMMIGRATION  
LAW WILL BENEFIT CANADA

The United States immigration quota law which came into effect at the beginning of July will have a tendency to divert immigration toward Canada. That law does not place any restraint upon the immigration of Canadian born citizens into the United States, but it does restrict immigrants into Canada from crossing the border as they have sometimes been wont to do in the past, since this country has been the stopping off point of many Europeans who intended sooner or later to make their permanent home in the United States," says The Canadian Bank of Commerce in their Monthly Commercial Letter.

"One of the first effects of this law has been the diversion of liners to Canadian ports. Already, for instance, the Swedish-American, Norwegian-American, Holland-American, Scandinavian-American, Royal Mail Steam Packet and some of the Italian lines have altered their routes. It is only reasonable to believe that transportation companies will, under the circumstances, use their influence to draw to the attention of Europeans contemplating emigration the prospects and possibilities of Canada as a new home.

If a woman sits down in a theater now without taking off her hat the man behind her leans forwards and whispers in indignant protest. But did you ever notice that the women folks can wear their hats in church all the time and the men folks never make so much as a peep about it?

The problems of leap year were pressing rather close when a sweet girl here asked her bachelors "What is love?" "Love," replied the cruel man, "is a form of insanity that makes a man call a 200-pound female his little turtle dove." No engagement reported.

A COLOSSAL FARMERS'  
ENTERPRISE

(The U. F. A.)

In the three great wheat growing provinces of Canada at least 85,000 farmers, whose combined wheat acreage exceeds 10,000,000 by a substantial margin, will market their entire wheat crop of 1924 through co-operative pools, owned and democratically controlled by themselves, and will merchandise their product on the markets of the world through a Central Selling Agency. If the yield should average so low a figure as 10 bushels per acre, in the whole of the territory covered by the contracts in the three provinces, this would assure the cooperative marketing of 100,000,000 bushels of this year's crop. Ten bushels per acre for the whole territory, however, would be an unduly conservative estimate.

The colossal expansion in co-operative marketing enterprises indicated in these figures has been made possible as the sequel to the pioneering efforts of the organized farmers of this province, in which the idea of cooperative pooling of wheat first took definite form some years ago, and in which the first wheat pool to be established in Canada has just concluded, with a degree of success much exceeding the expectations of its members, its first season's operations.

The Alberta wheat pool has not only proved the most successful co-operative marketing enterprise hitherto established by wheat growers in North America. In volume of business transacted it is the largest single co-operative wheat marketing agency owned by farmers, which has been operated in any part of the world.

The membership of 20,440 growers in the Alberta wheat pool there will be added, in the marketing of the 1924 wheat crop, 47,000 Saskatchewan wheat growers, and some 5,000 wheat growers in Manitoba. In addition to the numbers now signed up, it is anticipated that there will be some thousands of new enrollments in each of the provinces during the next few months.

The organization of the co-operative marketing of wheat on so vast a scale is now determined, constitutes a mobilization of the farmers' economic forces which would have seemed "idealistic" and "impractical," possibly even "Bolshevistic" a few years ago. Co-operative marketing will not unaided solve all the problems with which the farmers are confronted as producers and as citizens. But it is the farmers' greatest commercial achievement, and it marks the most important single step in the history of the primary industry towards the realization of practical solidarity among its members.

In the spirit of the united front expressed in this and other enterprises, social and economic, the farmers, if they will, can conquer every obstacle which stands in the way of the attainment of their rightful place in the life of the community.

THE LAST OF THE OSLERS

Death of Sir Edmund Osler, last week, brings to mind that he was a great financial critic of the opposition in the Dominion House of Commons, following the election of 1900, when Sir George Foster, failed to obtain a seat. This was the period of unrestrained optimism and he frequently gave to the government advice to go slow in expenditure—counsel that many conversant with affairs now believe should have been accepted.

Sir Edmund was the last of four great Oslers, every member of the family having attained striking success with no original assets other than their native ability and the character, which was the product of their best home influences. Their father was an Ontario country clergyman. The oldest became supreme court judge; the second was one of the country's leading financiers; the third the most eminent Canadian counsel of his day—no less an authority than Goldwin Smith having compared one of his addresses to those of Cleo; while the fourth made a world mark in the medical profession. Sir Edmund was the last survivor of this remarkable quartette.

## Who Was Shot and Who Was Not

A duel was lately fought by Alexander Shott and John S. Nott. Not was shot and Shott was not. In this case it was better to be shot. Not. There was a rumor that Nott was not shot, but Shott avers that he was not, which proves either that the shot Shott shot at Nott was not shot, or that Nott was shot notwithstanding. It may be made to appear on trial that the shot Shott shot at Nott, or, as accidents with firearms are frequent, it may be possible that the shot Shott shot at Nott was not shot, but Shott would be shot and Nott would not. Some folks think, however, that the shot Shott shot at Nott was not shot, but Nott was. Can you tell who was shot?

THE IRMA TIMES  
Classified DirectoryIRMA OIL  
DEVELOPMENT Co., Ltd.

(Non-Personal Liability)

Operating Irma-Fahyan-Wainwright Field.

Address — IRMA, Alberta

## IRMA OIL HOLDINGS Ltd.

(Non-Personal Liability)

Has extensive Irma-Fahyan-Wainwright acreage.

Office — IRMA, Alberta

MAPLE LEAF OIL CO.,  
Limited.

(Non-Personal Liability)

Operating in Irma-Fahyan-Wainwright Fields

Address: 912-13-14-15 Vancouver Bldk, Vancouver, B. C.

## GLOBE DRILLING Co. Ltd.

Operating in

WAINWRIGHT-IRMA AND  
PIGEON LAKE FIELDS

Head Office:

1000-101a Ave, Edmonton, Alta.

## DERRICK BUILDER

Contracts or day work taken in any part of Alberta.

A. H. VISSER, Okotoks, Alta.

Phone 25.

H. V. FIELDHOUSE, K. C.  
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Etc.  
Special Attention to Collections  
and Estates  
Oil Leases Bought and Sold

WAINWRIGHT. ALBERTA

E. T. BISHOP, K. C.  
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.  
Solicitor for:—  
British Petroleum, Ltd.  
Western Consolidated Oils, Ltd.  
Edmonton Gas & Development Co., Ltd., N.P.L.  
Crown Oil Co., Ltd., N.P.L.  
Wainwright Oil & Development Co., Ltd., N. P. L.  
Irma Royalties, Ltd., N. P. L.  
Border Oil Co., Ltd., N.P.L.  
Office—Molsons Bank Bldg, Edmonton, Alberta.

## A. M. MOWAT

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.  
Solicitor for:—  
Globe Drilling Co., Ltd.  
Irma Oil & Development Co., Ltd. (N.P.L.)Irma Oil Holdings, Ltd. (N.P.L.)  
Mutual Oil & Gas Development Co., Ltd. (N.P.L.)

Office—206 C. P. R. Bldg, Edmonton, Alberta.

TRAIN SCHEDULE, IRMA, ALTA.  
TRAIN SERVICENo. 3 Going West ..... 7.27 A.M.  
No. 1 Going West ..... 7.37 P.M.  
No. 2 Going East ..... 4.18 A.M.  
No. 4 Going East ..... 10.25 P.M.

Train No. 1 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Saskatoon or East, or to Jasper and West.

Train No. 2 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Jasper or West or to Saskatoon and East.

—ROY WHYTE, Agent.

GOVERNMENT LIQUOR CONTROL  
ACT OF ALBERTA  
APPLICATION FOR  
BEER LICENSE

Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends applying to the Alberta Liquor Control Board for a License to sell Beer by the glass, or open bottle, for consumption in conformity with the provisions of the Government Liquor Control Act of Alberta, and regulations made thereunder, with respect to the following premises:

The Edmonds Hotel, located on Lots 37 and 38, Blk No. 8, Plan No. 1560, North side of Second Avenue, in the Village of Irma, Province of Alberta.

Dated at Irma, Alberta, this 8th day of August, 1924.

CHARLES OLSON, Applicant

OIL DRILLING.  
Company with complete Standard  
Drilling rig and well located lease in  
Irma-Fahyan field wants drilling done  
on share basis.

—Apply Box 6, Irma Times, 10-15c

## DR. W. L. McMACHEN

Dental Surgeon

Will be at Irma on Friday, of each week over Larson's store.

## DR. H. L. COURSIER

Dental Surgeon

Post. Grad. in Block Anesthesia,  
Plate and Bridge Work.  
Appointments by mail for out of town  
patients.

At Edgerton Thursday.

At Irma Tuesday.  
Wainwright, Alta.

## IRMA LODGE No. 56

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each Month in Larson's Hall, J. G. Hedley, N. G.

A. K. Madsen, V. G.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary.

## IRMA REBEKAH LODGE No. 8

I. O. O. F.

Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month in Larson's Hall, Irma.

Visiting Orangeman always wel-

D. Glasgow, W. M.

Fred W. Watkinson, R. S.

M. K. McLeod, F. S.

IF YOU INTEND HOLDING AN  
AUCTION SALE, OR HAVE  
CATTLE OR HOGS TO SHIP  
SEE ME

J. W. STUART

WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA  
For sales date in Irma district see  
R. J. Tate, Irma.Edmonton Rubber Stamp  
Co., Ltd.

Makers of

RUBBER STAMPS &amp; SEALS

10118—102nd St. Edmonton

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY  
STAR OF IRMA 1936

Meets 1st Thursday in each month in Larson's Hall.

John Watson, W. P.

Fred W. Watkinson, Reg.

C. G. PURVIS,  
Barrister, Solicitor & Notary

Date at Irma

August 13th and 29th.

September 12th and 26th

OUR SERVICE IS RELIABLE  
Trudeaus Cleaning and Dye  
Works, Regd

10050, 103 st Edmonton

Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

## Royal George Hotel

101st Street

(Near Union Depot)

EDMONTON

FIVE  
STORIES  
OF SOLID  
COMFORTTHE HOME OF SERVICE  
AND COMFORT

## First-Class Cafe.

Free Bus to and from all

Trains

R. E. NOBLE, Mgr.

## Irma Pool Room

and

## Barber Shop

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOES  
CIGARS, ETC.

# WHEN YOU BUY GROCERIES

There are Three Important Points to be Considered. They should be

## Fresh, Clean & Good Quality

Our Groceries are of the best quality, are always fresh and put up in neat wrappers and attractive packages, by which convenience, cleanliness and elegance are secured.

We can please you with our  
TEAS AND COFFEE

They have the quality.

### WE HAVE DRIED FRUITS

That you can eat. No waste on account of worms, decay or dirt.

### WHEN YOU WANT CANNED GOODS

Come and see our Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, Apples, Peaches, Berries, Salmon, Sardines, Etc.

The Fact is we have everything you expect to find in a First-Class Grocery Store, and things besides.

We want your COUNTRY PRODUCE and are prepared to pay the highest prices.

### COME AND SEE US

**L. HOSTRUP**

IRMA, ALBERTA.

## Main Street.

Miss Sadie Lennon has accepted a position as clerk in Liden's store.

Mr. C. W. Dingman, Petroleum Inspector for the Dominion Government was in Irma Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Roy Whyte returned Tuesday night after a three weeks vacation to the coast.

Mr. A. Hays of Russell, Ont., is spending a few weeks with his son Roy in the Albert district.

Mr. Roy Melton is enjoying a visit from his father whom he has not seen for thirteen years.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Lille of Omaha, Nebraska, have been visiting at the Lyster farm north of Irma.

F. H. Allen motored to Irma on Sunday with Miss Violet Allen who is taking charge of Paschendale School.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Liden spent Wednesday at Camrose. Mrs. Liden intends spending a week with friends at Hay Lake.

Mr. C. W. Lattiner intends leaving Saturday morning to spend a few weeks with her parents at Northport, Washington.

The members of the Irma Rebekah Lodge and their friends spent a social evening with Mr. and Mrs. W. Andersson Wednesday evening.

Mr. G. A. Barnes who has been leaving Mr. Whyte has gone to Jarrow to relieve the agent, there while he enjoys his vacation.

Tuesday Mrs. Geo. Elliott served a farewell tea in honor of Mrs. Graham who is leaving with her daughter Friday morning for Chinook, Alta. Only the older ladies of the district were guests.

Wednesday afternoon the Irma Ladies and Missionary Society held a farewell tea at the home of Mrs. Geo. Tripp, for Miss Graham, Mrs. Graham and Mrs. Jardine. Some thirty guests being present.

On account of the shower Thursday afternoon the fourth annual Picnic of the Irma Woman's Missionary Society, was held at the church instead of the grove south of town. A fair attendance of the ladies of the district turned out for the picnic.

Rev. George Elliott spent Sunday in Calgary. The service in Irma church Sunday night was conducted by Miss Chase, a visiting Missionary and Mrs. White of Jarrow, assisted by a selected ladies choir. The Church was well filled and the service was appreciated by all.

Harvesting is general in most parts of the Irma district. While the straw is short in some sections it is generally believed that the yield will surpass former expectations. Estimates of from fifteen to twenty bushels per acre for wheat are general while oats should run from forty to sixty bushels. No damage from frost has been reported so far but some out fields are still green and stand a chance of being damaged if frost should come within the next two weeks.

### SALE AND REDEMPTION OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS (Sec. 48)

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals, Act (Municipalities) that:

One Yearling Black Poll Bull, indistinct brand on left hip, was impounded in the pound kept by F. C. Wejs, located on the S. E. 1-4-35-44-6 with Wednesday, August 13th, 1924, and that the said animal was sold on the 25th day of August, 1924 to R. Larson of Irma, Alberta;

— and that said animal may be redeemed by the owner or on his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned.

R. J. TATE, Sec'y-Treas., of the Municipality of Battle River No. 423, Post Office, Irma, Alta.

**Fordson  
Tractor  
and  
Moody Separator  
For Sale Cheap**

**J. R. Love**  
IRMA, ALBERTA

### CUT DOWN THE WINTER FEEDING PERIOD

If to each end of the usual grazing season can be added a week or fortnight—during which the animals may gather their own feed and distribute their own droppings, it represents a economy of labor, doubly advantageous at periods of rush.

Where plenty of free range is available, and particularly in districts where the standing grass cures satisfactorily in advance of killing frosts, the prairie herbage furnishes good forage in the autumn and also during the winter, except when deep snow prevents grazing. What is left may be utilized in the spring, but in the Northern park belt, at least, the old grass is not very satisfactory spring feed, even when abundant, and cattle subsisting wholly upon it are very liable, in their craving for something green, to pull up and eat poisonous weeds growing around the edges of sloughs.

On the Beaverlodge Station, winter rye is the last thing green in the fall and the first thing green in the spring. It is almost perfectly winter-hardy and is considered fairly so throughout most parts of the West. Where autumn pasture is an object, winter rye may be sown in July at the rate of six or seven bushels per acre and grazed judiciously until winter, care being taken not to let the top be closely cropped too late in the autumn, else some winter injury may result, or the spring growth be at least restricted. When the ground has firm'd up in spring the rye may again be pastured until about the first of June, after which date the cattle eat it rather unwillingly. It may then be left to produce two cuttings of hay or a crop of grain to thresh. Or, again, the land may be ploughed and prepared for other crops.

Where grain production is the ultimate object, one advantage of spring pasturing is that blossoming is therefore delayed until well past the period of probable June frosts. An occasional disadvantage lies in the fact that in districts or seasons of very delayed maturity the rye may not always fully ripen ahead of the early fall frost, but in most parts of the West this danger would not probably exist.

Good autumn grazing may sometimes be obtained from oats sown in drills to be intercultivated as a summer-fallow substitute. A short crop of western rye grass for the wintering horses to eat off the ground instead of from mangers is being left at the Beaverlodge Station.

### LEWISVILLE

Crops are looking very well in this part of the country, and are ripening fast. Cutting of rye and wheat has begun. Gardens are wonderful.

Lewisville school will reopen the first of the month, with Miss Mildred Allen again in charge.

Miss Catherine Martin is back after spending her holidays at Banff and is again in charge of Fabian school. A new barn was built on the school premises in her absence. T. Gotobed built an addition to his house in the holidays and Miss Martin is boarding there.

Athur Massie, Bernard Couture and George Armstrong went in the "jung" to a good part of the south country, where the harvest is on to help in the work.

The gas in the big well in the Battle River Valley, has become ignited and since Sunday, August 24th it has been roaring and crashing and burning at a terrific rate. A great yellow tongue of flame about 30 feet long and five or six feet wide is flaring night and day. At night lots of people go down in cars to watch it, and you can see the lights of the cars like fireflies on the hills. The play of light and shade on the valley and hills from the great blaze is a weird, tremendous effect. The echo crashing through the valley and amongst the hills is continuous, day and night. A few miles away the dancing lights in the sky, from the flame, much resemble Northern Lights. If a lot of witches or Indians were just dancing around the great fire it would be complete. The hockey enthusiasts around are planning, if the blaze is not put out before winter, on a rink nearby, with light and heat aplenty, to say nothing of "hot dogs" after the game. It is an ill wind that blows nobody good."

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Register'd Hawthorn Bull, four years old, gentle, from good stock. Chas. Anderson, 16-46-9-w4, Irma, Alta. 15-17P.

LOST—On Wednesday on Main St. between Hostrup's and Drug Store, Pockbook containing \$30.00 cash, (\$20.00 American money and P. Burns cream check)—Finder kindly notify N. Fluvar, Irma and get reward. 1-T.C.

Misses Maidie and Vivienne Sheddron arrived on Saturday evening to visit with Mildred Allen of Avonlea.

## For Results—



## Kodak Film

In your size on our shelves—the dependable film in the Yellow Box. Get it here and you know it's fresh.

Dependable because of its uniformity. The same exposure under lime conditions produces identical results on Kodak Film.

Dependable because a considerable variation in exposure is permitted by the "latitude" of Kodak Film.

Dependable because the Kodak Company makes Kodak Film—and because we sell it.

## Derman's Drug Depot

## School Days

SOON WILL THEY BE HERE AGAIN,  
AND WITH THEM THE NEED OF NEW  
CLOTHES, STOCKINGS AND SHOES.

### Stockings

Cotton Rib Hose in Black and Brown. All sizes 6-9. A Good Stocking for Boys or Girls, 25c-35c

HERCULES AND BUSTER BROWN—  
Have the very best and longest wearing hose on the market made of long strong cotton thread, All sizes 5 1/2-11 at ..... 35c to 60c

### Jerseys

All Wool Jerseys made from Canadian Wool in a fine knit. Brown, and in Blue with either button shoulder or Polo Collar. A splendid jersey for the money. All sizes 20-32. Special Value at ..... \$1.50

### ABERLEY JERSEYS—

The Outstanding School Jersey on the market today. Made from the Best Long Staple Botany Wool in a Big Range of plain Colors and Fancy Mixtures. Trimmed with pleasing contrasts. They come with Roll, Polo, V neck and button shoulder collars, in all sizes, from 20-36. A garment you will be proud of, at ..... \$2.25 Up.

### Knickers

Boys Khaki Moleskin Knicker made with belt loops and good strong pockets, button knee. A good weight Knicker that will give you long service, at ..... \$1.50

### BOY'S GREY MOLESKIN KNICKER—

The Best Boys Pant Made. A dyed in the thread pattern and they wear like leather. All sizes price at ..... \$2.00 Up.

### Dresses

What could be better for School Dresses than these Scotch Dress Tweeds. They are warm and they wear. A pleasing array of Scotch Checks and Plaids. Heavy Weight, All Wool and 43 inches wide. You will be surprised and delighted to get so much good cloth for so little money. 95c Yd.

### Shoes

Just the Shoes for School for Boys and Girls. They come in Chrome Tanned Brown Leather Uppers and Bull Dog Soles and Heels. Good and stout yet light and pliable. Sizes 6 to 10 are \$2.00, larger sizes accordingly.

## J. C. McFarland & Co.

Canadian



Pacific



## NEVER FIRE FIRST

BY JAMES FRENCH DORRANCE

Co-author of "Get Your Man," "Glory Ride the Range," etc.  
Serial Rights Arranged Through F. D. Goodrich, Toronto

(Continued)

Seymour spoke rapidly to the missionary, asking him to go to the trading post for the interpreter. In some such way the Eskimo grasped the drift of this request.

"Avic, he speak them English," was his surprising statement.

"Then tell me, where you get this gun? Seymour demanded. "I've never seen the like in this land."

Wittingly he had fallen into the broken speech of the few natives who knew other than their own tongue.

Avic, the native, showing his hands in the openings between which shreds of meat still hung.

"Him hungry all same," he said. "Him out there?" He gestured to the front door which one of the women had closed, and stepped by it.

Something about this reply seemed to tickle the native for he laughed until the loose folds of his parker rippled. Then Seymour, who had wanted to learn the secret of the north, but dashed out the door.

In the furrowed frail they found La Marr, holding the dogs with difficulty, for he recognized they were not his own. The Eskimo had torn his sleeping bag which was lashed to the kotaht. He had "stay by sled" for an excellent reason. His leg was broken.

"Well, Charlie, I see you got your man," said Seymour, by way of being cheerful, as he steered the sled which the dogs, under Morrow's guidance, were pulling "up the bank into the yard."

"No, Serg, me man got me." The response was in a voice weak from suffering.

He started him into the house, sleeping bag and all. Before attempting the painful ordeal of extracting the broken, unsalvaged limb from the frozen sack, they fed him the breast of one of the dogs, then wrapped him in the interrupted feast. At Seymour's request, the two women went into the kitchen to prepare hot water for the immersion operation and a strong bath of which the constable would be in need afterward.

As every missionary in the North is something of a surgeon as well as a doctor, La Marr, Morrow having gone to Mission House for his kit, the white Avic sat on the hearth, contentedly munching a chunk of bannock which no one had the heart to take away from him.

When the room was cleared, Sergeant Seymour leaned over the constable for a low-voiced question. "Is Avic under arrest?"

"I—my heart, after all he's done for me," said the injured mountaineer. "He brought me along willingly enough. Didn't seem the least afraid about coming back to the post. Go easy, Serg, he's a good boy. Take his wolf food if it hadn't been for him."

The arrest had to be made quickly, before Moira changed back into the room if their kind-hearted plot was to be a success. Seymour got the constable's attention, reminded him that he understood English, and went through the normal lines of arrest and warning, with the addition that it was "for the safety of the Other Outpost."

"Sure," said the native, who had learned some of his English from American whalers at Herschel Island. "I say—What do? When we go?"

Seymour did not understand the significance of the last question, but hadn't the time to inquire into it. Leading Avic to the guard room, he turned him in to make friends with Old Moira, as Seymour etiquette might decree.

As he was locking the door of the cell room, Moira came from the kitchen with improvised splints after the constable had told him of the severity of his sentence in France with a Red Cross unit, and asked permission to help with the operation.

"If I can handle the ether or anything, thank you, Moira," the sergeant interrupted. "If Dr. Morrow can use I'll call."

The parson-surgeon returned with medical and nursing supplies, and after a brief consultation, was sent down way to the west of the Arctic forest.

More was proposed an anaesthetic. Even in the hands of a skilled surgeon he declared, the bone setting would be most painful; he was just a clumsy, well-intentioned amateur.

"Danish if I'll go out of my head for

## Save Your Hair!

Rub the soap with Minard's. It removes dandruff and stops the hair from falling out.



W. N. U. 1638

just a jab of pain," the doughty constable exclaimed.

"A whiff of ether will make it easier," Charlie suggested his superior. "And I'll wrap a scarf—see—Mrs O'Malley is ready to administer it. She served with us in France."

Avic's black eyes gleamed a second in appreciation. Then he showed his teeth.

"Avic, and that wouldn't be so bad," he said. "But I've smelled the sweet stuff before. When I am coming out of it I tell all I know. Well, we'll be home again. Your wife babbling about Oliver's murder." He turned to Morrow. "Let's go, parson, and do your darndest to make me a straight leg."

The operation took some time, the break being a compound requiring a preliminary reduction. In this Moira did help and perhaps her presence was at peace as anesthetist. At any rate, he escaped the tips of the bone mountain.

When the splints finally were fastened and the patient refreshed with a cup of foot-hot broth, Seymour asked an account of the pursuit and accident.

"If you'll hand my jacket," wrote upon it when I thought we wouldn't pass through." He passed over his note book. "I am a dead man."

In the living room, the sergeant bent over this blurred scrawl in pen:

Sgt. Seymour, O. C.

Assistant Detective.

Sgt. Seymour to report.

Followed fugitives from one camp to another, always a jump or two behind him. Seemed not to know where he was headed. At all my own supplies, Took to Eskimo grub. Not so welcome to those who used to know him. Made robes of seal and caribou. Make robes of seal and caribou. Can't go far.

Dogs catch, kill and eat wolf. Come back looking for me, but not near enough so I can swing out sled.

Then he found a dead Eskimo. Avic ate my trail. For why? He makes camp in spruce, builds fire to dry his clothes. He's a good man.

Another large animal will be found, catch, kill and eat wolf. Can't make Avic as O'Malley's stranger. Gentle as a woman, but when he gets through chewing leather—maybe not.

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"Danish if I'll go out of my head for

Avic's case would more likely mean a hanging, with his fellows looking on, than a pleasure jaunt anywhere. But of course he could be spared. But this political admission from the native did not convince him that the Huskie alone was responsible for the killing. His own deductions from the facts were that the Huskie had been too well grounded and stood too well.

"When we go?" Again came the query from the eager native, this repetition sharpened with impatience. "We'll see you off with a shug; then we'll rapidly turn the inquiry. "Where did you get those fox skins you took to the factor?"

"Avic trap foxes—black and silver," came the ready answer. "Avic trap foxes—black and silver."

"When did you take them from your traps?"

Seymour considered this question very carefully. He could not tell all he knew. Well, he would not be the first to be asked such a question. The Huskie had been the native's desire for a trip into the outside world.

The Eskimo did not answer at once. He seemed to be coming back. The sergeant gave him his back about this. He would feel certain that his sense of mystery had not been misplaced.

"The Huskie is a good dog," he said at last. "Avic trap 'em when the sun goes away and snow comes."

"You mean after this winter began?" Seymour asked him to guard against any misunderstanding.

"This same winter. Avic could wife 'em plenty. Avic bring 'em to post. Much travel better than traps. From store, so not sell."

The sergeant did not press the inquiry at the moment. There was a long, long winter ahead of them in which he hoped the whole truth would out.

(To be continued)

## Knights of Old

Valiant Knights of King Arthur's Time

Were Men of Small Stature

Those who have been in the habit of thinking of the valiant knights of King Arthur's time as stalwart 6-footers, imposing in bulk and stature, will be somewhat disquieted to learn that they were men of small and insignificant stature. We are now told that suits of armor worn by knights of old would fit lightly on the average high school boy of today, and men of the Middle Ages must have averaged about 130 pounds in weight. Laborers have just assembled the latest acquisition for the museum's armor room, a rare suit of mail for man and horse. It was worn by a gallant of the sixteenth century. Dents in the plates show the armor suffered many blows, but the wearer had a waistline of only thirty inches, a calf thirteen inches in circumference, and would wear a No. 6 shoe in modern footwear.

After running dumb and feigning madness for a year, French criminal who was recently sentenced to fifteen years' hard labor. He promptly broke his silence with a confession.

Low

"Don't you love to hear the caustic low?" cried the poet.

"I love to buy 'em that way," said the racker.

## CHAPTER IX.

## The Skinf Tangles

Partial explanation of Avic's queer behavior came next morning from the Eskimo himself. After breakfast, the Huskie had devoured his meal. Seymour had recovered from his fits. The white Avic turned his head to the hearth, contentedly munching a chunk of bannock which no one had the heart to take away from him.

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(To be continued)

## OUR GALLERY OF RIVER CAPTAINS

CAPT. A. H. M. WATERLOW  
of the  
CANADA STEAMSHIPS  
S. S. RICHELIEU.

—AND WHEN NOT ON THE SHIP HIS HOBBY IS

THE S. S. RICHELIEU—

Captain A. H. M. Waterlow, who is commander of the de luxe C. S. L. river steamer, the S. S. Richelieu, named after the famous French Cardinal, is an Englishman, but just before the close of the war he was awarded the silver medal given by Lloyd's for meritorious services. It was in 1893 that Lloyd's decided to bestow a medal upon ship's officers and others, who by extraordinary exertions, contributed to the preservation of vessels and cargoes from perils of all kinds.

The bronze star, with blue and red ribbon, was originally adopted, but this was changed to a silver oval, with blue and silver ribbons in July, 1900, and ordered to be made circular in shape and struck in silver and bronze in April, 1913. Captain Waterlow was commander of the S. S. Kerman in 1918 and on October 9th, assisted by Chief Engineer W. M. Meader, rendered meritorious service which brought honors for both himself and his assistant in the shape of the Lloyd's silver medal.

Captain Waterlow's principal hobby in the winter time, and when aboard ship, is carpentry.

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## England-Australia Air Service

Huge Zeppelins Will Carry One Hundred Passengers in Utmost Comfort

England to Australia by crude oil-burning Zeppelin type aircraft in 10 days is a commercial possibility within the next two years, according to Sir Keith Smith, famous Australian flier, who, with his brother, Sir Ross Smith, was the first to accomplish the flight four years ago for which a prize of £10,000 was given by the Australian Government.

Sir Keith was interviewed in Vancouver prior to sailing for Australia as general supervisor for Vickers, Ltd.

Rapid strides of invention have almost eliminated the dangers of flying, he declared. Two big airships for the English-Australia and Australia-India service, now being built, by Vickers, will use crude oil instead of inflammable petroleum, thus removing the greatest danger to flying by airship.

"The commercial feasibility of the airship has been thoroughly established," remarked Sir Keith. "Two big airships which are now building will have a capacity of 100 passengers, as well as whatever baggage they need. This is to be a cold business proposition, with a view of not only shortening the time between the countries but to give the utmost comfort and service."

One of the existing airships will first be used in an experimental flight to make a study of conditions, as general scientific data.

Another large airship will be used in England to determine just how great a load it will take and what the strain and stress will be. Meanwhile, the builder will go on with construction of the two great airships for the service as a purely commercial transportation scheme.

## Ancient and Modern

First Passenger Locomotive Seen at Wembley With Latest Model

John Cowley, aged 82, who was first man on George Stephenson's locomotive which drew the first passenger train in the world, visited the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley and had the singular pleasure of seeing the old engine standing beside a modern locomotive.

Canadian visitors who imagined that the British railway engines were toy affairs are surprised to discover that the latest type of British engine is almost as large as their own transcontinental locomotives.

The British army, not including the forces in India, now comes seventh on the European list; it is exceeded in size by the armies of Russia, France, Switzerland, Poland, Italy, Spain and Holland.

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## Flowers For The Prairie Provinces

Results of Investigational Work Carried on At Scott Experimental Station

Twelve years of investigational work has been carried on at the Scott, Dominion Experimental Station, to ascertain the flowers best suited to home cultivation in the prairie provinces. Exhibitor Circular No. 108 recommends the following as the result of the labors conducted under the direction of the Superintendent of the Station, Mr. M. J. Thill.

Flowering Shrubs—Caraganas, Siberian Pea Tree, Woody Caraganas, Caraganas, Pyracantha, Tatarian Honey-suckle, Shrub Currant, Flowering Currant, Roses, Japanese Roses, Lilacs, Congo, Alba, Grandiflora, Michel Buchon, Marie Legrave, Chinese Lilac, Spica, Arguta.

Herbaceous Perennial Flowers—Achillea (The Pearl), Agnus-castus (Lamb's Ears), Delphinium (perennial larkspur), Pinks, Dianthus Plumarius and Dianthus Delphinium, Gypsophila paniculata (Baby's Breath), Hesperis Matronalis (Sweet Rocket), Lychnis Chalcedonica (Jerusalem Cross), Papaver nudicaule (Iceland Poppy), Pyrethrum Roseum.

Flowers raised from roots, bulbs, tubers—Dahlias, Gladioli, Irises, Peonies, Scilla Sibirica, Tulips, a large variety.

Annual Flowers—Sweet Peas, Sweet Alyssum, Brachycome (Swan River Daisy), Candytuft, Linaria, Linum, Mignonette, Shirley Poppy, Tagetes, Virginia stock, Nasturtium, Portulaca. Among the flowers that must be started indoors are: Aster, Stocks, Antirrhinum, Verbena, Phlox, Primula, and Nemoria.

The circular, which can be obtained from the Experimental Station or by addressing post from the Publications Branch, Ottawa, gives particulars of the nature of the plants, when and how they should be sown, and other useful information.

The former time when the head of the family died the title to the property was vested in the eldest child, who conserved it for the benefit of the family at large. But the French laws have done away with this. They declare that each heir shall come into full possession of his share of any property. In consequence the courts at Paopeo are congested with land litigation. The usual battleground is the homestead, which generally is a wooden building of many rooms crowned by a corrugated iron roof and surrounded by a broad verandah. The eldest son or daughter holds the fort there. But the others, after much litigation, establish their right to shares.

Armed with court orders, saws, chisels and other implements of destructive carpentry, they come and dismember the ancestral mansion, each taking his fragment to his own domain.

What is left remains the heritage of the eldest, and until he can gather substance to repair the damage his domicile continues a melancholy monument to family disunity, and he camps in the one or two rooms still sheltered.

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Encourage Use of Domestic Coal

A vote of \$200,000 to provide for assistance in transportation of Canadian coal to Central Canada passed the House of Commons. Hon. Chas. Stewart, Minister of the Interior, told the House that it was the intention of the department to carry on test hauls of coal to Central Canada in order to encourage the industry. Coal would be brought from the east by water to the St. Lawrence ports as a test of the costs of transportation.

Laziness is the quality that makes a husband think the drying of dishes an undignified task for a man.

The social climber undoubtedly prefers the seashore to the mountains, because of the swells.

May Pass the Critical Period Safely and Comfortably by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Regina, Sask.—"I was going through Change of Life and suffered for two years with headaches, backache, nervousness, sleeplessness, night sweats and general weariness. Some days I felt tired and unable to do my work. I began Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and found good relief. It is a good medicine and I am now in full strength again."

Regina, Sask.—"I have been suffering from a severe headache, dizziness, drowsiness, shortness of

**"Swat the fly"**  
with  
**GILLETTS'S  
LYE**

A teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye sprinkled in the Garbage Can prevents flies breeding

Use Gillett's Lye for all Cleaning and Disinfecting

Costs little but always effective



## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Jameson Black, 78, one of the old millers in Canada, died at St. Catharines, July 29. He was a veteran of the Fenian Raid in 1866.

The traffic in the streets of Paris is increasing rapidly, and the police claim that this is now more intense than in any other city in the world.

A decided increase in the export of Western Canadian cattle to Great Britain this year has been forecast by H. S. Ackell, Dominion Livestock Commissioner.

One of the most valuable minerals in the world today, lithium, has been discovered in the upper waters of the Peace River by the Canadian Gold Mining Company.

To Mrs. W. A. D. Munro, of Vancouver, belongs the honor of being the first woman to climb to the peak of Mount Robson, 12,063 feet in height, in the Canadian Rockies.

Vilhjalmur Steinsson, the Arctic explorer, has started on an expedition into Central Australia. He is accompanied by the Government Geologist, L. K. Ward.

A budget of \$24,240,000 has been drawn up for the reconstruction of the Imperial University of Tokyo. The buildings were largely destroyed by the earthquake and fire of September 1.

The actual wealth of the farmers of the United States has increased \$43,497,000 in the last three weeks, owing to the increase in hog prices, according to figures made public by Armour and Company statisticians.

A gas-filled icy balloon made an extraordinary flight when, released in a contest from W'swick, Cumberland, England, it was mailed back from Königsberg, Germany, a distance of about 1,000 miles.

Alex. McOwen, of Canwood, Sask., has been appointed district commissioner of a new Canadian National Railways office to be opened in Glasgow, Scotland, for the purpose of increasing Scottish immigration to Canada.

### Baby Show At Wembley

Best Baby in British Empire Comes From Australia

Mary Wilson, of Melbourne, Australia, has been chosen from 65,000 entrants as the bonniest baby in the British Empire, according to an announcement made by officials of the national baby week competition conducted at Wembley.

Baby Wilson, who is two years and eight months old, receives £200. James Edward Rowe, of Whitby, Ont., was the winner of the second class for babies between nine months and two years of age, and, with John Strang, of St. John's, Nfld., who finished at the top of the first class for infants, three to nine months, wins £100.

Kenneth Farrel, of Mount Forest, Ont., was one of the five babies in the first class who each receive a prize of £20.

### Increase in Newspapers

Alexander MacLaren, General Secretary of the National Federation of Retail Newsagents, speaking on the influence of the press, said that each Sunday nearly 30 million newspapers were distributed in Great Britain and Ireland, and on each weekday over 20 million morning and evening papers. The productions of the press today were 33 per cent. greater than in the war's most urgent days.

**MURINE  
FOR  
EYES**  
IRRITATED BY  
SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS  
MADE FOR TEARS & EYES, DRY EYES & EYE SORES  
W. N. U. 1339

### Gun-Running Plot

Aeroplane Machine Guns Smuggled From England to Russia

Inquiries are being made by the police into a gun-running expedition from London to Russia in which an unknown foreign vessel and a London fishing smack cooperated.

Scotland Yard has discovered that 56 machine guns were shipped abroad under the eyes of the authorities, and also that had the thing contained a secret gun-running on a much larger scale could have followed, until 1,000 guns had been got out of the country.

It is stated that the guns were aeroplane machine guns, a fact considered significant in view of the large deliveries of aeroplanes to Russia from Germany.

It is known that the guns, which were bought by a London Bookseller, were bought by him from the factory to a wharf not far from London Bridge. Here they were called for next night by a London fishing smack and taken on board.

The smack then sailed to a point about 20 miles off the Gabbard Lighthouse, east of Hartwick, where it met a mysterious foreign vessel and transferred the guns to her. This vessel sailed for Petrograd.

All the ports of England have been watched and many searched.

### Separation, But No Alimony

A peaceful, quiet separation, no damage done, everybody happy again—that's the situation when you divorce your wife. Try Putnam's Corn Extractor. Acts like magic, no pain, no trouble, success every time. Rose a substitute for "Putnam's," 5¢ everywhere.

### Humanity's Best Protector

No Community Is Safe If Church Is Banished

The Church is human! Yes, but the very men who proclaim most loudly against her defects take greatest care to plant their homes beneath her shadow. The Church is the greatest protector of human life and liberty that the world ever knew.

The Church is the greatest friend of humanity that exists in the world today; and even her bitterest enemies would probably not remain long in a community from which that Church had been banished. Yet men who today find great enjoyment in telling of the Church's faults; and tomorrow in selling their property they will take pains to say, that it is near a church. Strange, isn't it?—Christian Guardian.

### BABY'S GREAT DANGER DURING HOT WEATHER

More little ones die during the hot weather than at any other time of the year. Diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera, infantile convulsions, bronchitis, and pneumonia are the chief causes. Medicine is not at hand to give promptly the short delay too frequently means that the child has passed beyond aid. Baby's Own Tablets will stop the diarrhea and save the home where there are young children. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent stomach and bowel troubles, and the child will be a luxury to many merchants and others who believe it is a necessary evil, like rent, or lights, or heat in winter, or some other "over-head" expense.

Big business houses, spending hundreds of thousands of dollars in advertising yearly, have proved by test that advertising is the most important, highest-paying investment they can make.

A certain percentage of a year's gross business is appropriated for advertising, which is carried on continually. The returns are greater than from any other investment that can be made.

The first trial, like patent medicine, may not do the trick; but persistent, intelligent advertising will get results.—Placerille, Calif., Republican.

### Quer. Fish Received At London Museum

Fishing Device With Tasseled Projects From Back

The Natural History Museum in South Kensington, London, has just received a queer fish of a species new to science.

It is one of the deep sea angler, unrepresented in the museum, and apparently related to the very old forms of fish sometimes found in fossils in the older rocks. It was captured by a Hull trawler, St. Hilda, at a depth of 100 fathoms, at Thorlak's Head, Iceland.

It is about a yard long; it has coal black skin, and pure white conical spines all over it; its tail has eight rays connected by a thin web; from the middle of its back projects a long fishing-rod device, with a long tassel.

This is used to attract the creature's prey into its mouth. Very little is known about these fish, and it is hoped that further light may be thrown by some of the specimens brought back by the expedition which recently went to the South Pacific.

Millions In Forest Products

The forest in Canada produce a volume of business amounting to \$500,000,000 a year. This includes lumber of all kinds, pulp and paper. We should conserve our forests by preventing fire and wasteful cutting and also plant more trees to take the place of those cut down.

Well, old man, has fortune smiled on you yet?

No; I'm beginning to think that the dame must have a front tooth out.

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts



### The Order Of Procedure

Mortality of Eastern People Who Are Hostile Towards the H. B. Road

A lot of worthy people down east appear to think that since they are hostile to the opening of the Hudson Bay route the Government must convince them of the practicality of the route—which in view of their closed minds would be a rather large order—before doing anything further in the matter.

In view of the fact that Parliament has been committed to opening up the route for sixteen years and has spent two million dollars, upon the project, the presumptions, however, are all in favor of its practicability. It is up to the opponents of the scheme by such means as they can devise to prove if this be possible that the country's settled policy towards this untried route is to be abandoned.

They might be reminded in this connection that a mere chorus of denunciation and asersion does not prove anything.—Whinlipp, Free Press.

Milner's Worm Powders are a pleasant medicine for worm-infested children, and they will take it without objection. When directions are followed it will not injure the medicine, and it will not interfere with the absorption of any vitamins in its composition. They will speedily rid a child of worms and restore the health of the little sufferers whose vitality has become impaired by the attacks of these intestinal pests.

### A Good Investment

Big Business Houses Prove Advertising Is Most Important

Despite the many proofs of its value brought to notice every day, advertising continues to be a luxury to many merchants and others who believe it is a necessary evil, like rent, or lights, or heat in winter, or some other "over-head" expense.

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### What "Gold-Filled" Means

"Gold-filled" on a piece of jewelry doesn't mean that the article is filled with gold or that it is solid gold. What it does mean is that the article is plated heavily with gold. However, "sterling" on silver always means that the metal is at least 925/1000 pure silver. The other things in sterling silver are used to harden and toughen up the more precious metal.

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### Establishing Radio Stations

Vancouver and Montreal Are Links In Empire's Wireless Programme

Radio stations are to be established near Montreal and Vancouver, as links in the Empire wireless programme as the result of arrangements just completed between the British Government, the Department of Marine and Fisheries of Canada and the affiliated Canadian Companies.

The stations, which are to be short wave or "beam" stations, will be owned and operated by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of Canada, and will have a guaranteed operating speed of 100 words a minute and will cost approximately \$300,000 each. Licences have been issued by the department authorizing the Marconi Company to proceed promptly with the work.

The English station in the new service will be built by the English Marconi Company and will be operated by the British post office, the latter paying a percentage of the gross receipts to the Marconi Company in return for a patent royalties.

The arrangement concluded between the British post office and the English Marconi Company settles a deadlock regarding the Canadian service.

The Marconi Company has accepted the principle put forward by the British Government, that the English superstation, now in the course of construction at Rugby, must be state-owned and operated.

The short wave service now arranged for will be adequate to provide the best service under all conditions.

### Increase In Exports

Port of Vancouver Sees Big Business This Season

According to statistics prepared by the Merchants' Exchange, approximately \$20,900,000 worth of lumber stood on the list as having been exported from Vancouver during the six months of this year ending June 30th, against 25,600,000 feet for the same period last year.

For this year's exports the Oregon took more than half, while United States' ports took a little more than 50,000,000 feet.

Canned salmon exports stand at about 150,000 cases, against about 250,000 cases last year, and 225,000 the year before.

Wheat exports for the last six months were about 45,000,000 bushels, against about 11,000,000 bushels last year.

Flour also showed a big improvement in exports, going as high as 750,000 barrels, against 450,000 barrels last year.

Apple shipments also showed a big spot on the export sheet, going up to nearly 15,000 boxes this year against 1,700 boxes for the same six months last year.

Theory and Practice

Easier to Suggest Changes Than to Carry Them Out

Premier MacDonald of Great Britain is a frank and honest man. He admits some things that he and his party would not have admitted before they came into power. Speaking of his Government's scheme for creating new employment for those who are unemployed, he said in the House of Commons the other night: "When we were without experience, things seemed very simple to carry out; but when we became members of the cabinet responsible for them, they became very complicated and difficult."

That is the whole truth of all Government. On the outside the men who are shortly coming into power believe that they can bring about reforms in a jiffy. Once in, however, they realize the difficulty of doing things as they would have them. It is the same world over. Responsibility brings a new sense of responsibility.

Boston Post.

### Largest Butter Exhibit

Brandon Stages Largest Exhibit Ever

The creamery butter exhibit at the Manitoba Provincial Exhibition held recently in Brandon, Manitoba, was the largest exhibit ever staged in the history of the creameries of Western Canada. It even exceeded the great creamery exhibit of Toronto. Over 100 companies were entered, with approximately 5,288 pounds. The great majority of the exhibitors were Manitoba firms. The quality of the butter was excellent, and the judges had a hard job to pick the winners.

The dairy butter exhibit featured 41 entries, this by far exceeding last year's entry. Cheese entries were doubled this year and the quality was better. All told there were 47 entries.

Girl Walking Across Continent

Two young women bikers passed through Vancouver recently heading across the continent, Miss R. Mahr and Miss P. Pinkhart have been on the road since last winter in Texas and California and intend to make the trip home on foot across Canada.

Curious Restaurant in Buenos Aires

Probably the most curious restaurant in the world is in Buenos Aires. The equipment consists of one large pot about a yard in diameter, and one large fork with which the customers, for the sum of five cents, are allowed a chance of fishing out a chunk of meat.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism

### Prison Without Guards

Honor System Is Employed in Austrian Penitentiary

Conducting a penitentiary without guards whence no prisoner has ever escaped, is the record claimed for the Werner-Neudorf prison near Vienna where more than 300 women are serving terms of from one year to life. The honor system is employed, the penitentiary is a charge of about 40 sisters of charity under leadership of a supervising director who does not even live on the grounds.

The women do all their own work, attending the heating apparatus, laundry, gardens, bakery, kitchen, and look after the livestock and other produce. All this work is systematically done that the prison has become self-supporting, and is known as the model penitentiary of all Europe.

British Squadron Arrives In Jamaica

Admiral Field Was Assured of Unswerving Loyalty to King

The British special cruiser squadron comprising the Hood, Repulse and Adelais, arrived July 26, at Kingston, Jamaica, from Cristobal and was greeted enthusiastically by British residents.

Kingston was gaily decorated for the occasion, two special festive arches bearing greetings of welcome having been erected. Admiral Sir Frederick Field and his staff were received by a guard of honor, and by Mayor Simpson, who read an address of welcome and as representative of the King, of Jamaica's unswerving loyalty.

### How Should I Wear My Baby?

This is a serious problem to many mothers. Weaning should always be done gradually, beginning about the seventh month, giving one or two bottle feedings during the day, increasing the number of bottle feedings gradually until weaning is accomplished. Baby's Head Milk is so like mother's milk in taste and ease of digesting that it can be given alternately with breast milk without causing abrupt weaning.

In the paper, at the time you will receive an advertisement of Border's Baby Head Milk, a food that has aided many babies before them, and is safe for infants.

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### Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer Aspirin" INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.

Accept only a Bayer package which contains provendered Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocle—Cobalt—Bayer—Bayer—Bayer.

Chicago's Murder Record

Crime Commission Report Shows One Day for June

A murder a day for June and 177 since the first of the year is Chicago's record, according to the report of the Chicago crime commission, made public April 23, had the largest number of homicides.

"The trend in murder is upward," the report stated. "No country, with the exception of Italy, comes near to the United States in the murderous tendency of its people. This country has twice as many murders as Italy, and Chicago has nearly three times as many per capita."

"Many murderers escape arrest; only a small portion of those found guilty suffered the proper punishment. Out of nine sentences to be hanged last year only one was ex-ecuted."

Mother's Value this Oil—Mothers who know how suddenly croup may seize their children and how necessary prompt medical aid is, always keep a bottle of Thomas' Eclectic Oil, because experience has taught them that this is an excellent preparation for the treatment of this ailment. And they are wise, for its various uses render it a valuable medicine.

Largest Electric Sign

Letters Forty Five Feet High Are Illuminated By Electricity

One word, with letters 45 feet high, has been set upon a mountain side near Los Angeles to designate a real estate subdivision. At night four thousand lamps are studded over the surface of the gigantic letters, so that the whole word is not only visible for miles in the daytime, but also for a considerable distance after dark. The lamps are of the ten-watt size. This is believed to be the largest sign in the word to be lighted by electricity, so far as physical dimensions are concerned.

Each letter is supported on a frame of scaffolding, and the entire sign is about a quarter of a mile in length. Originally it was proposed to illuminate the sign at night by a high-intensity searchlight, but it was found that the consumption of current necessary would make this undesirable.

Fisheries Add to Wealth of Canada

The total catch of sea fish on both coasts of the Dominion during the month of May was 24,600,800 pounds, valued at \$1,182,455, compared with 16,761,600 pounds, valued at \$832,216 during the same month a year ago.

A teaspoonful of paraffin in the washing-up lights work, while the same amount in a bowl of starch will prevent the irons sticking when starched things are being ironed.

YOU'VE TRIED THE REST  
NOW BUY THE BEST

NEWCASTLE COAL

ALWAYS SUITS, NEVER SOOTS

There is a dealer handling Newcastle coal in every town in Western Canada. Look for him.

MONEY ORDERS

Avoid loss when sending money by mail. Dominion Express Money Orders—the safe, convenient, inexpensive way.

Cook's Regulating Compound

A safe, reliable, regulating medicine.

For all diseases, especially those of the liver, kidneys, heart, lungs, etc.

Dr. Cook's Medicine Co., Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

TERAPION NO. 1.

TERAPION NO. 2.

TERAPION NO. 3.

No. 1 for Bladder Calculi. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weakness.

Dr. Cook's Medicine Co., Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONTARIO, CANADA.

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# GLOBE DRILLING

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Developing 6000 Acres  
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GLOBE DRILLING COMPANY, Limited,  
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Gentlemen:

Without obligation on my part, please send me fold-  
ers and full information of the Wainwright-Fabyan Oil  
Field.

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Address .....

## Our Drill Is Now Going Down

We have a few Shares to  
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Only Forty Thousand Shares  
being sold for our First  
Well.

Irma Oil Development Co.  
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IRMA, ALBERTA

## W. Ross Alger Corporation Ltd.

FISCAL AGENTS

WESTERN CONSOLIDATED OILS LTD.

We have listings of very desirable leases  
in the Wainwright-Irma Field.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

606-608 McLeod Bldg.

Edmonton, Alberta

HEALTH EDUCATION  
AND THE PEOPLE

How to be healthy and how to keep healthy is a problem that looms largely before every person in whose care is placed a family of children large or small. In the changed conditions of modern life parents have not always been successful in adjusting their homes to the new environments of to-day. At least that is what the doctors and health workers tell us and the people who ought to know. At the Annual Meeting of the American Association, Chicago, Dr. C. W. Newell blames this "generation of Jazz" for the increase in the prevalence of disease. Has the home as a health centre met the situation? The consensus of opinion seems to be that it has failed lamentably to do its duty by the coming generation. Dr. Emmett Holt, who was one of the foremost medical men at Columbia University, where he was Professor of Children's Diseases in a pamphlet about the Health Education of children which was written for the International Journal of Public Health give two reasons for the lamentable failure as he calls it of the health teaching of the home. First the parents themselves, he says, are ignorant in regard to the matters that underlie health growth. Secondly there is the complete breakdown of the discipline or authority of the home. Again, health teaching has been too abstract, the doctor thinks, too theoretical and not linked up with practical life, nor has it been made interesting. So much for the indictment of the medical man. In the face of such charges, in view of a declining birth rate and a high death-rate let us ask what is being done by organized effort to counteract the hectic pace of human life today? One of the obligations placed upon the League of Red Cross societies is the improvement of health and in its endeavours to fulfil that role the Alberta Division of the Canadian Red Cross is seeking to disseminate knowledge of health laws by every means available.

Classes for the study of Home-Nursing and Hygiene are being formed up and down the province by the Health Nurse attached to the Head Office staff. Lectures on various phases of health have been given on lantern slides, moving pictures, and over the Radio. Literature on the care of the Child, and Maternity welfare has been issued freely and in large quantities. Demonstrations and Health Exhibits have been held at Fairs in city and country. In the schools by means of health plays, posters and other forms of activity, health laws have been taught in attractive form to the children. That is one of the great reasons why the Red Cross goes on.

IS THE NEWSPAPER A LIAR?

If the average newspaperman is a liar he generally lies to protect his community.

If a boy goes out into the world and gets into trouble, the home newspaper says he was a good boy until he left home and became influenced by bad company.

If the town's tightwad who hung his pennies to his bosom in life dies, the newspaper throws a mantle over him and says he hated wastefulness and that his hate for useless spending made him overcautious of his investments and his charities.

If the town gossip dies, the editor carefully avoids referring to her outstanding weakness, tells how she visited the sick and afflicted, and winds up by saying she was a good neighbor.

If the ball team goes away from town and has the daylights whipped out of them, the home editor tells the unsuspecting world that the team was made of second string players.

The editor is not a liar from choice. The truth struggles in his manly breast the same as it does in that of the village preacher, but the pride of his community makes him a trembling rabbit—and he lies to save the local pride of the town.

—The Trail (B.C.) News

A SERIOUS MENACE

(Edmonton Journal)

It is imperative that prompt and effective action should be taken to eradicate the sow thistle from the vicinity of the city. In a statement which he gave to the newspapers the other day, Mr. D. W. Warner, M. P., did not at all exaggerate the damage which the spread of this most noxious of weeds can do. He speaks from long experience both in this country and in the United States. So completely overrun with it have some districts become that no useful crop could be grown and the same conditions might easily arise in the vicinity if adequate measures are not applied without delay. If the present growth is allowed to go to seed, which may be carried for miles and take root in almost any kind of soil, a very heavy economic loss is inevitable.

This noxious weed has invaded many rural districts in Alberta. It has

Viking

Thursday, August 14th was a glorious day for the Catholics of Viking because Archbishop O'Leary was with them for his pastoral visit. He was accompanied by Rev. Father Lemire, His Grace administered the sacrament of confirmation to a class at St. Mary's church and spoke a kindly word and gave his blessing to one and all.

The Elliott concert orchestra that appeared in Jensen's hall Thursday evening proved to be one of the best musical organizations that has visited our town in a long time. There were eight musicians and each an artist. Playing scores from several well known operas and a number of more popular old songs and tunes they delighted a small but very appreciative audience.

The marriage of Mr. James Arthur Horton and Miss Stella Hoines was quietly solemnized at the home of the bridegroom's sister, Mrs. H. G. Thunell on Wednesday, August 20th, at eight o'clock P. M. In the presence of immediate relatives the marriage vows were said, the Rev. Mr. R. Upston, pastor of the Viking Community church officiating, using the simple but impressive ring ceremony.

Mr. William James Brown, of Viking, and Miss Emma Marie Kirkwood, of Vegreville were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at Vegreville on Wednesday, August 20th at 2:30 in the afternoon, the solemn ceremony being performed by the Rev. A. R. Schrage of Vegreville. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Kirkwood, of Vegreville, and the bridegroom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brown, also of Vegreville. The newweds will make their home at Viking where the groom has a responsible position in the McAtthey & Jones garage where he has a province-wide reputation as a first-class mechanic. The bride is a charming young lady and has filled a large place in the circles of the younger set in that pretentious town.

The sudden death of Jos. A. Bonson last Tuesday night came as a great shock to his family and the community here, as it was not generally known that he suffered from any serious ailment that might suddenly end his life. After attending to business in his store on Tuesday night, partaking of supper as usual, he motored with his family to their cottage at Lake Thomas. Not feeling well he sent his son Harry to town for some medicine but growing worse in the meantime, he was taken in Mr. W. L. Campbell's car to the hospital. On the way to town he was seized with a severe attack and his heart being unable to withstand the strain, all efforts to revive him proved of no avail and he passed away.

Sedgewick won the baseball tournament here last Friday when they took the finals from Viking.

In the first game Sedgewick won easily from Camrose. This was a fairly good contest up to the fourth inning when Hansen, the Camrose heavier, became too generous with passes to first and was doubled after which Larson took the mound. He was pounded off the block in short order when he was nicked for seven runs and eight hits. After this inning every member of the Camrose team including the manager and bat boy took a turn in the box and the game resolved itself into a fiasco; the fans being pleased when it was all over. It's a shame that Camrose can't muster up a team that can compete with the smaller towns. Final score Sedgewick 18, Camrose 5.

The Ryley and Vegreville teams having defaulted by not appearing on the grounds, the finals were played between Viking and Sedgewick. This was a pitcher's battle between Lefty Long, of Viking, and Joy, of Sedgewick. Viking scored in the first, inning and Sedgewick evened up. They each got a run in the fifth. The visitors got a third score in the seventh on a missed fly in right field. I in the eighth Viking got another goose egg.

Darkness was fast settling over the field and the ball was difficult to see. Sedgewick pounded the few runs on errors before Umpire Rooney called the game on account of darkness. Score, Viking 3, Sedgewick 8.

Several local citizens joined the army of star gazers on Tuesday when "Venus" was easily seen in broad daylight.

Frank and Walter Watkins returned Sunday evening from Detroit and will tune up their threshing outfit for the harvest. They met at Winnipeg, Frank coming from Detroit and Walter from Cochrane, Ont., each not knowing that the other was on the train. Conditions are going dead in Detroit, says Frank, and stick-ups and hold-ups are a daily occurrence. Alberta never looked better, the boys state, and Canada, especially the West is known far and wide as God's Country. Their brother Wallace has returned to Calgary.

More or Less Funny

Matrimonial progression:—The first year a man is married is looking for happiness; the second for contentment; the third he is satisfied to keep out of rows.

An editor in the Peace River country recently asked suggestions from his readers as to the best way to run his newspaper. One of his subscribers hit the nail on the head by sending him word on a postal card to "run it as you do—please."

A business man at Holden was dictating to his new, pretty and sophisticated secretary. Suddenly he stopped. "Am I too fast for you?" he asked. She looked him over considerably, and then replied, "Oh, no, but you're a trifle old."

A burglar, a pickpocket and a bootlegger were released from prison at the same time. As they were travelling over the country together an argument arose as to which had the most nerve and staying qualities. Finally they decided to put it to a test. Coming to a skunk's den, they agreed that the one who could enter and stay the longest would be termed the winner. The burglar went in first and stayed just three minutes. Then the pickpocket entered and stuck it out for five. The bootlegger went in and thirty seconds later the skunk came out.

A Dokey, while drinking his liquor, At the Donkey loud braying did snicker.

The Dokey now sleeps  
"Neath the daisies for keeps;  
He was quick, but the Donkey was quick.

Heard at a social: Their baby must be musically inclined." "How so?" "Why its mother says that it already plays on the lineum."

The meanest man in town says that the reason old maids attend church so regularly is that they like to be there when the hymns are passed out.

Watch Your Step  
St. Peter:—"You say that you took a newspaper several years while on earth and then refused it at the post office without settling up?"

Aplicant:—"Yes."

St. Peter:—"Take the elevator, please."

Aplicant:—"How soon does it go up?"

St. Peter:—"It doesn't go up. It goes down."

This year's ticket's robin blue;  
It doesn't mean we're robbing you;  
If you haven't yet you should come thru  
And pay your Subscription when it is due

Come Along Lizzie, You're a Good Old Can.  
Road gets rougher every mile;

(Click)  
Come along Lizzie an' show some style  
Ford's gone lame an' the hens won't lay;

Corn's way down an' wheat don't pay;  
Hogs no better, steers too cheap;

Cows quit milking, meat won't keep;

Oats all heated, spuds all froze;

Fruit crop's busted, wind still blows;

Sheep seem puny, an' I'll be burned,

Rye field's flooded an' the haystack's burned;

Looks some gloomy, I'll admit—

(Click)  
Come along Lizzie, we aint down yet.

Coal's in high an' crop's in low;

Rail rates doubled, got no show;

Money's tighter, morals are loose;

Bound to get us—what's the use!

Sun's not shinin' as it should;

Moon ain't lightin' like it could;

Air seems heavy, water's punk;

Tests yer mettle; shows yer spunk;

No-use stoppin' to debate—

(Click)  
Come along Lizzie, it's gettin' late.

Wheels all wobbly, axle's bent;

Motor's busted an' top all gone;

One side's broken, tother sag;

Swings are busted, back and drags;

May hang t'gether—believe it will;

I'll try to keep the ol' can still;

Bounce—poch ding yeath's the stiff,

Hard to steer, when the ol' roads rough;

Old trap's movin' right good speed—

(Click)  
Come along Lizzie, you're some old stet.

When yer drive a Ford, don't need no fan,

Come along Lizzie, you're a good old can.